

REPRESENTATIONS & CERTIFICATIONS

For the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory Operated by Battelle Memorial Institute

Battelle Memorial Institute has executed and is engaged in the performance of Prime Contract DE-AC05-76RL01830 with the United States Department of Energy (DOE), for the management, operation, and maintenance of the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) in Richland, Washington. The following representations and certifications must be completed, and this form must be signed and returned with the Offeror's proposal.

Texpayer Identification (d. 405 - Oct 1996)

A. Definitions

"Common Parent," as used in this solicitation provision, means that corporation entity owns or controls an affiliated group of corporation that files its Federal income tax returns on a consolidated bases, and of which the offeror is a member.

*Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)," as used in this provision, means the number required by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to be used by the offeror in reporting income tax and other returns. The TIN may be either a Social Security Number or an Employee Identification Number.

- B. All offerors must submit the information required in Paragraphs D through F of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M and implementing regulations issued by the IRS. If the resulting contract is subject to the reporting requirements described in Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 4.904, the failure or refusal by the offeror to furnish the information may result in a 31 percent reduction of payments otherwise due under the contract.
- C. The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

D.	laxpay	er Identification Number (TIN)							
	X	TIN: 24-6000376							
		TIN has been applied for.							
		TIN is not required because							
		Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have income effectively connected with the conduct of trade or business in the United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States. Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government							
		Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a Federal Government							
		Other. State basis.							
E.	Type of	Organization							
		Sole proprietorship		Government entity (Federal, State, or local)					
		Partnership		Foreign government					
		Corporate entity (not tax-exempt)		International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4					
		Corporate entity (tax-exempt)	×	Other State-Related Institution o					
F.	Commo	n Parent		Higher Education					
	Ø	Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent as defined in paragraph (a) of this provision.							
		Name and TIN of common parent:	πν						
		Offeror, its parent company, or subsidiaries, is/has been owned or controlled by a foreign entity. If so, provide the following information:							
		Name of Parent Company _							
		Main Office Address		the state of the s					
				and the second s					

G.	Ot	her						
			Foreign orga	nization i	s headquarter in			(country)
		Ŏ	Company	□ is,	is not publicly trade	r d		
(A	plic	able	if any perform	ance will	entation (d. 407 - May 2004) be inside the United Stal the Pacific Islands)	tes, its te	erritories or	possessions, Puerto Rico, the District of
A.	1.	Th	e North Americ	an Indus	try Classification System	(NAICS	code for t	his acquisition is
	2.	Th	e small busine	ss size st	andard is			
	3.							in its own name, other than on a construction id not itself manufacture, is 500 employees.
В.	Re	pres	entations.					
	1.	Th	e offeror repre	sents as	part of its offer that it	□ is,	🖾 is no	t a small business concern.
			omplete 2, 3, a ragraph B.1. o			the offer	or represei	nted itself as a small business concern in
	2.	cor	•	d in 13 C	general statistical purpo FR 124.1002. <i>(If so, als</i>			☑ Is not, a small disadvantaged business all Disadvantaged Business Status
	3,	The	offeror repre	sents as	part of its offer that it	□ is,	🖾 is not	a women-owned small business concern.
	4.	The	offeror repres	sents as _l	part of its offer that it	□ Is,	🖾 is not	a veteran-owned small business concern.
	5.		e offeror repres	•	part of its offer that it	□ is,	🖾 is not	a service-disabled veteran-owned small
	6.	The	offeror repres	ents, as	part of its offer, that—			
		а.	of Qualified H material char	IUBZone ige in ow	Small Business Concerns nership and control, prin	s maintal ncipal offi	ned by the ce of owne	on the date of this representation, on the List Small Business Administration, and no rship, or HUBZone employee percentage has in in accordance with 13 CFR part 126; and
		b.	-	n In para		ision is a		uirements of 13 CFR part 126, and the the the HUBZone small business concern or
			participating	<i>in the jol</i> le small t	nt venture: pusiness concern particip			business concern or concerns that are
C.	Def	Initia	ns. As used in	this prov	vision			
	"Se	rvice	-disabled vete	ran-own	ed small business concer	'n"		
	1.	Means a small business concern (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.						
	2.		vice-disabled v defined in 38 U			1ed In 38	U.S.C. 101	l(2), with a disability that is service-connected,
	"Small business concern" means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under							ndependently owned and operated, not tracts, and qualified as a small business under

the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and the size standard in Paragraph A of this provision.

"Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern-

- Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case
 of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans;
 and
- 2. The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

"Women-owned small business concern" means a small business concern—

- That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51
 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- 2. Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

A. Notice.

- If this solicitation is for supplies and has been set aside, in whole or in part, for small business concerns, then the
 clause in this solicitation providing notice of the set-aside contains restrictions on the source of the end items to be
 furnished.
- 2. Under 15 U.S.C. 645(d), any person who misrepresents a firm's status as a small, HUBZone small, small disadvantaged, or women-owned small business concern in order to obtain a contract to be awarded under the preference programs established pursuant to section 8(a), 8(d), 9, or 15 of the Small Business Act or any other provision of Federal law that specifically references section 8(d) for a definition of program eligibility, shall— (i) Be punished by imposition of fine, imprisonment, or both; (ii) Be subject to administrative remedies, including suspension and debarment; and (iii) Be ineligible for participation in programs conducted under the authority of the Act.

Affirmative Action Compliance (d. 409 - Apr 1984)

The of	Yero r	represents that it -				
Ø				\square has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR 60-1 and 60-2); or		
		subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and abor.				
Previo	ous C	ontracts and Comp	ilance Ro	Pports (d. 406 - Feb 1999)		
Offeror	r repr	esents that It—				
Ø	Has	☐ Has Not		pated in a previous contract or subcontract subject the Equal Opportunity clause o ilicitation;		
Ø	Has	☐ Has Not	Filed a	Il required compliance reports; and		
		ions indicating subm ontract awards.	ission of r	required compliance reports, signed by proposed subcontractors, will be obtained		
Royalt	ty Pay	ymunt Certification	1 (d. 414 - Jan	1984)		
connect	tion v	vith any acquisition,	constructi	gy may be informed regarding royalty payments to be made by a contractor in ion, or operation where the amount of the royalty payment is reflected in the attelle, check one of the following:		
X	The Contract price includes no amount representing the payment of royalty by the Offeror directly to others in connection with the performance of the contract.					
☐ The Contract price includes an amount for royalty payment expected to be made in conne award set forth below:				nount for royalty payment expected to be made in connection with the proposed		
	1.	the amount of each	payment	,		
	2.	the names of the lie	ensor, an	d		
	3.	either the patent nu	imbers in	volved or such other information as will permit identification of the patents and		

patent applications and the basis on which royalties will be paid.

Buy American Act Cartificate (d. 410 - reb 2009)

- A. The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in Paragraph B of this provision, is a domestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the offeror has considered components of unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States. The offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products, i.e., an end product that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in paragraph (2) of the definition of "domestic end product." The terms "commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "component," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American Act—Supplies."
- B. Foreign End Products:

Line Item No.	Country of Origin
1	

C. Offers will be evaluated in accordance with the policies and procedures of Part 25 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

Technical Data Certification (d. 413 - Jun 1986)

The offeror certifies that it has not delivered or is not obligated to deliver to Battelle or to the Government under any contract or subcontract the same or substantially the same technical data included in its offer, except as set forth below:

627	Nulle
	Contract No. (and Subcontract No., if applicable), Agency name and place of delivery

Patent Rights Representation (d. 417 - Jan 1986)

Offeror represents that It-

□ Is	🛚 Is not	A small business as defined at section 2 of Pub. L. 85-536 (15 USC 632) and the implementing regulations of the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, 13 CFR Part 121.
☐ Is	🛛 Is not	An organization of the type described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 USC 501(c)(3)) and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 USC 501(a)).
🖾 Is	☐ Is not	A nonprofit scientific or educational organization qualified under a State nonprofit organization statute.
🔯 Is	☐ Is not	A U.S. domestic university or other U.S. institution of higher education.

Cartification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Dec 2008)

(Applicable to proposals exceeding \$100,000)

- A. The Offeror certifles, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that-
 - 1. The Offeror and/or any of its Principals—

∟ are	⊠are not	presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
□ hav	e ⊠ have not	within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, state, or local) contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property;

□ are	🖾 are not	presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity with, commission of any of the offenses enumerated in Paragraph A.1.a.ii. of this provision;
□ have	M have not	within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,000 for which the liability remains unsatisfied.

- a. Federal taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:
 - The tax (lability is finally determined. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.
 - ii. The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has falled to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.

b. Examples.

- The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. § 5212, which entities the taxpayer
 to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final
 tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer
 has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. § 6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. § 6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.
- The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. 362 (the Bankruptcy Code).

Ε,	The Offeror	☐ has,	🔯 has not,	within a three-year period preceding this offer, had one or more
				contracts terminated for default by any Federal agency.

"Principal," for the purposes of this certification, means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having
primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager;
head of a subsidiary, division, or business segment; and similar positions).

This Certification Concerns a Matter Within the Jurisdiction of an Agency of the United States and the Making of a False, Fictitious, or Fraudulent Certification May Render the Maker Subject to Prosecution Under Section 1001, Title 18, United States Code.

- B. The Offeror shall provide immediate written notice to the Contracting Officer if, at any time prior to contract award, the Offeror learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- C. A certification that any of the items in Paragraph A of this provision exists will not necessarily result in withholding of an award under this solicitation. However, the certification will be considered in connection with a determination of the Offeror's responsibility. Failure of the Offeror to furnish a certification or provide such additional information as requested by the Contracting Officer may render the Offeror nonresponsible.'
- D. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render, in good faith, the certification required by Paragraph A of this provision. The knowledge and information of an Offeror is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- E. The certification in Paragraph A of this provision is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when making award. If it is later determined that the Offeror knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other

remedies available to the Government, the Contracting Officer may terminate the contract resulting from this solicitation for default.

Certification of Toxic Chemical Release Reporting (Aug 2003)

(Applicable to proposals exceeding \$100,000)

- A. Executive Order 13148, of April 21, 2000, Greening the Government through Leadership in Environmental Management, requires submission of this certification as a prerequisite for contract award.
- B. By signing this offer, the offeror certifies that-
 - As the owner or operator of facilities that will be used in the performance of this contract that are subject to the filing and reporting requirements described in section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA) (42 U.S.C. 11023) and section 6607 of the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990 (PPA) (42 U.S.C. 13106), the offeror will file and continue to file for such facilities for the life of the contract the Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Form (Form R) as described in sections 313(a) and (g) of EPCRA and section 6607 of PPA; or
- 2. None of its owned or operated facilities to be used in the performance of this contract is subject to the Form R filling and reporting requirements because each such facility is exempt for at least one of the following reasons: [Check each block that is applicable.] ☐ The facility does not manufacture, process, or otherwise use any toxic chemicals listed in 40 CFR 372.65; ☐ The facility does not have 10 or more full-time employees as specified in section 313(b)(1)(A) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(b)(1)(A); ☐ The facility does not meet the reporting thresholds of toxic chemicals established under section 313(f) of EPCRA, 42 U.S.C. 11023(f) (including the alternate thresholds at 40 CFR 372.27, provided an appropriate certification form has been filed with EPA); ☐ The facility does not fall within the following Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes or their corresponding North American Industry Classification System sectors: a. Major group code 10 (except 1011, 1081, and 1094). b. Major group code 12 (except 1241). c. Major group codes 20 through 39. d. Industry code 4911, 4931, or 4939 (limited to facilities that combust coal and/or oil for the purpose of generating power for distribution in commerce). e. Industry code 4953 (limited to facilities regulated under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, Subtitle C (42 U.S.C. 6921, et seq.), or 5169, or 5171, or 7389 (limited to facilities primarily engaged in solvent recovery services on a contract or fee basis); or ☐ The facility is not located in the United States or its outlying areas. Foreign Interests (d. 415 - Fab 2007) In the event that the work should involve/consist of sensitive information on the Militarily Critical Technologies List (http://www.dtic.mil/mcti/MCTL.html) or the Developing Science and Technologies List (http://www.dtic.mil/mcti/DSTL.html), or Export Controlled Information (15CFR730-774 and 22CFR120-130) that requires an export license, the following information is required. Accordingly, offeror represents that the following questions are answered correctly. 🛛 Yes 🔲 No Offeror, or its subsidiaries, plans to assign foreign national(s) to work on this project or to receive access to project Information, (If "Yes," specify nationality(les) South Korea and China 🗆 Yes 💆 No Offeror, or its subsidiaries, parent organization or affiliates, employs persons who serve as agents for any foreign entities. (If "Yes," specify nationality(les) Provide details for any questions answered "Yes" above: This project is considered Graduate student is from South Korea and fundamental research.

Research Associate is from China.

Cartification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Cartain Federal Transactions (Sep 2007) (Applicable to proposals exceeding \$100,000)

- A. Definitions. As used in this provision—"Lobbying contact" has the meaning provided at 2 U.S.C. 1602(8). The terms "agency," "influencing or attempting to influence," "officer or employee of an agency," "person," "reasonable compensation," and "regularly employed" are defined in the FAR clause of this solicitation entitled "Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions" (52.203-12).
- B. Prohibition. The prohibition and exceptions contained in the FAR clause of this solicitation entitled "Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions" (52,203-12) are hereby incorporated by reference in this provision.
- C. Certification. The offeror, by signing its offer, hereby certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress on its behalf in connection with the awarding of this contract.
- D. Disclosure. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.
- E. Penalty. Submission of this certification and disclosure is a prerequisite for making or entering into this contract imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who makes an expenditure prohibited under this provision or who fails to file or amend the disclosure required to be filed or amended by this provision, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000, and not more than \$100,000, for each such failure.

Cost Accounting Standards Notices and Certification (d. 415 - Oct 2008)

Note: This notice does not apply to small businesses or foreign governments. This notice is in three parts, identified by Roman numerals I through III.

Offerors shall examine each part and provide the requested information in order to determine Cost Accounting Standards (CAS) requirements applicable to any resultant contract.

If the offeror is an educational institution, Part II does not apply unless the contemplated contract will be subject to full or modified CAS coverage pursuant to 48 CFR 9903.201-2(c)(5) or 9903.201-2(c)(6), respectively.

I. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT—COST ACCOUNTING PRACTICES AND CERTIFICATION

- A. Any contract in excess of \$650,000 resulting from this solicitation will be subject to the requirements of the Cost Accounting Standards Board (48 CFR Chapter 99), except for those contracts which are exempt as specified in 48 CFR
- B. Any offeror submitting a proposal which, if accepted, will result in a contract subject to the requirements of 48 CFR Chapter 99 must, as a condition of contracting, submit a Disciosure Statement as required by 48 CFR 9903.202. When required, the Disclosure Statement must be submitted as a part of the offeror's proposal under this solicitation unless the offeror has already submitted a Disclosure Statement disclosing the practices used in connection with the pricing of this proposal. If an applicable Disclosure Statement has already been submitted, the offeror may satisfy the requirement for submission by providing the information requested in paragraph (c) of Part I of this provision.

Caution: In the absence of specific regulations or agreement, a practice disclosed in a Disclosure Statement shall not, by virtue of such disclosure, be deemed to be a proper, approved, or agreed-to practice for pricing proposals or accumulating and reporting contract performance cost data.

C.	Check	the	annroi	oriate	hox	below:
•		-110		DI IULE	עעע	DCION.

- 1. Certificate of Concurrent Submission of Disclosure Statement. The offeror hereby certifies that, as a part of the offer, copies of the Disclosure Statement have been submitted as follows:
 - a. Original and one copy to the cognizant Administrative Contracting Officer (ACO) or cognizant Federal agency official authorized to act in that capacity (Federal official), as applicable; and
 - b. One copy to the cognizant Federal auditor.

(Disclosure must be on Form No. CASB DS-1 or CASB DS-2, as applicable. Forms may be obtained from the

cognizant ACO or Federal offic	lal and/or from the	loose-leaf version of	the Federal /	Acquisition Regulation.)
Date of Disclosure Statement:				

	Name and Address of	Cognizant ACO or Federal Official Where Filed:				
		rtifies that the practices used in estimating cost ractices disclosed in the Disclosure Statement.	ts in pricing this proposal are consistent with			
□ 2.	Certificate of Previous Statement was filed a	sly Submitted Disclosure Statement. The offero as follows:	or hereby certifies that the required Disclosure			
	Date of Disclosure St	ate 3/9/2006 Deborah Rafi, Office of Naval Research				
	Name and Address of	: 230 South Dearborn, Room 380				
	The offeror further co the cost accounting p	ertifles that the practices used in estimating co- practices disclosed in the applicable Disclosure	Statement.			
□ 3.	subsidiaries, and affil subcontracts subject the period in which the	ary Exemption. The offeror hereby certifies that lates under common control, did not receive not to CAS totaling \$50 million or more in the cost nis proposal was submitted. The offeror further om this proposal, the offeror will advise the Co	et awards of negotiated prime contracts and accounting period immediately preceding certifies that if such status changes before			
□ 4 .	exemption for disclos preceding the period offeror is not yet requ resulting from this pro immediately submit a	Exemption. The offeror hereby certifies that (I) ure, as defined in (3) of this subsection, in the in which this offer was submitted and (II) in aculared to submit a Disclosure Statement. The officeposal has not been made within 90 days after revised certificate to the Contracting Officer, is provision, as appropriate, to verify submission of the contraction.	cost accounting period immediately cordance with 48 CFR 9903.202-1, the feror further certifies that If an award the end of that period, the offeror will in the form specified under Paragraph C.1. or			
□ 5.	Certificate of Disclosure Statement Due Date by Educational Institution. If the offeror is an educational institution that, under the transition provisions of 48 CFR 9903.202-1(f), is or will be required to submit a Disclosure Statement after receipt of this award, the offeror hereby certifies that (check one and complete):					
	☐ A Disclosure State agency.	ement Filing Due Date of has	been established with the cognizant Federal			
	☐ The Disclosure St receipt of this aw	catement will be submitted within the 6-month ard.	period ending months after			
of \$50 n applies (illion or more in the conly in connection with	uired to disclose because they were awarded a urrent cost accounting period may not claim the proposals submitted before expiration of the sexemption was exceeded.	nis exemption (4). Further, the exemption			
	II. COST ACCOU	NTING STANDARDS—ELIGIBILITY FOR MODIF	IED CONTRACT COVERAGE			
by checking	he box below. Checkin	nodified provisions of 48 CFR 9903.201-2(b) a ig the box below shall mean that the resultant ctices clause in lieu of the Cost Accounting Sta	contract is subject to the Disclosure and			
990: Prac was subc	3.201-2(b) and certifie tices clause because d submitted, the offeror ontracts. The offeror f	an exemption from the Cost Accounting Stands is that the offeror is eligible for use of the Discuring the cost accounting period immediately received less than \$50 million in awards of CA urther certifies that if such status changes befortracting Officer immediately.	losure and Consistency of Cost Accounting preceding the period in which this proposal AS-covered prime contracts and			
the award of	CAS-covered contrac	he above eligibility for modified contract cover ct of \$50 million or more or if, during its curre I prime contract or subcontract of \$50 million o	nt cost accounting period, the offeror has			

III. ADDITIONAL COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO EXISTING CONTRACTS

The offeror shall indicate below whether award of the contemplated contract would, in accordance with Paragraph A.3. of the Cost Accounting Standards clause, require a change in established cost accounting practices affecting existing contracts and subcontracts.

☐ Yes ☐ No

SIGNATURE

Note: A person authorized to make legally binding commitments on behalf of the offeror must sign below. Signature constitutes a representation that reasonable and prudent inquiry has been made to ascertain the true and accurate basis of all statements. Statements which a person knows or has reason to know are false, fictitious, or fraudulent may result in criminal or civil penalties, as prescribed in 18 USC 1001 and 31 USC 3802(a)(2). These Representations and Certifications shall remain in effect for a period of one (1) year from the date signed and shall satisfy any subsequent proposal requirements during that one-year period. The Offeror shall notify Battelle of any changes that occur in any of the representation or certifications during that period.

Company Name	The Pennsylvania State University
Signature	David W. Ruchardson
Signer's Name (Printed)	Mr. David W. Richardson
Title	Associate Vice President for Research
Date	11/25/02